## IN THE CLAIMS:

The following is a complete listing of claims in this application.

Claims 1-10 (canceled).

- 11. (currently amended) In a method for making a flexible tube skirt comprising obtaining a preformed planar web of predetermined initial thickness comprising at least one layer selected from the group consisting of plastic and metal, forming a cylindrical sleeve from the planar web, and cutting the cylindrical sleeve to a predetermined length to obtain the skirt.
- the improvement comprising, prior to forming the cylindrical sleeve, passing the planar web between two rolls moving relative to each other, a space between the two rolls defining an air gap having a dimension less than the predetermined initial thickness of the web, whereby the web is subjected to a plastic deformation passing between the rolls,

the cylindrical sleeve formed thereby having improved circularity.

- 12. (previously presented) Method according to claim 11, wherein a force is applied between said rolls such that the web emerges from said air-gap thinned plastically by more than 0.5%.
- 13. (previously presented) Method according to claim 12, wherein the web is thinned by more than 1%.
- 14. (previously presented) Method according to claim 11, wherein a force is applied between said rolls such that the web emerging from said air-gap has an embossed decoration including raised surfaces or depths of an amplitude between one thirtieth and five times the thickness of said web.
- 15. (previously presented) Method according to claim 14, wherein the amplitude is between one fifteenth and five times the thickness.
- 16. (previously presented) Method according to claim 15, wherein the amplitude is between one tenth and 3 times the

thickness

- 17. (previously presented) Method according to claim 11, wherein said moving rolls are substantially parallel, at least one roll having etched raised surfaces for embossing the web.
- 18. (previously presented) Method according to claim 11, wherein the web is compressed between said rolls with a force of between 2.5 and 500 newtons per millimeter of web width.
- 19. (previously presented) Method according to claim 11, wherein said web is raised to a temperature of between 75°C and 120°C before coming into contact with said rolls.
- 20. (previously presented) Method according to claim 19, wherein said web is maintained at said temperature for at least % second before coming into contact with said rolls.
- 21. (previously presented) Method according to claim 14, wherein at least one roll is cooled to a temperature close to ambient temperature, and the web emerging from the air-gap between the rolls is either wound around a winder or deformed for shaping into said cylinder.
- 22. (previously presented) method according to claim 21, wherein the roll temperature is below 40°C.
- 23. (previously presented) Method according to claim 14, wherein the etched roll is also used to imprint a decoration onto said web